

2022 Riverside-Unincorporated Electronic Annual Report summary

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Summary

Jurisdiction: Riverside-Unincorporated

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Report Submitted By: ()

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Procurement: Riverside-Unincorporated (2022)

Recovered Organic Waste Product Procurement (SLCP)



Jurisdiction name	Procurement target	Annual procurement	Adjusted Procurement target
Riverside- Unincorporated	31,192	400.00	0.00

Recovered Organic Waste Product Procured (SLCP)

Jurisdiction name	in the form of transportation	from renewable gas (kWh)	gas used for heating	Electricity from biomass conversion (kWh)		Compost (tons)	Mulch (tons)
Riverside- Unincorporated	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	400.00

Jurisdiction	Additional description
name	
Riverside- Unincorporated	



Adjusted Recovered Organic Waste Product Procured (SLCP)							
Jurisdiction name	Did the jurisdiction implement an Adjusted Recovered Organic Waste Product Procurement Target?	Transportation fuel (DGE)	Electricity (kWh)	Gas used for heating applications (therms)			
Riverside- Unincorporate d	No						
Jurisdiction name	Additional description						
Riverside- Unincorporate d							



cled	Product Procurement (Combined)
\checkmark	Compost
\checkmark	Mulch
	Renewable transportation fuel (from organic waste)
	Energy (from organic waste)
	Renewable gas in the form of transportation fuel
	Electricity from renewable gas
	Renewable gas used for heating applications
	Electricity from biomass conversion
\checkmark	Recycled-content paper (janitorial supplies, paper towels, etc.)
$\overline{\checkmark}$	Recycled-content paper (white & colored ledger, computer paper, other office paper, etc.)
	Re-refined oil
	Re-treaded tires
	Pavement surfacing (RAC, recycled aggregate)
	Recycled-content paint
	Other procurement



Program Name	Program description
✓ 1030-SR-PMT Procurement	Riverside County departments abide by the Environmental Purchasing Policy, (BOS Policy #A-64, dated February 3, 2009). The Environmental Purchasing Policy serves as a purchasing guide for the following: Recycled content products, less harmful and non-toxic materials and processes, energy and water saving products and processes, natural resource and landscaping management services, sustainable products, disposal and pollution reduction and packaging. Paint and other reusable products, collected from county residents through the countywide HHW collection program, are made available free to the public at five Drop and Shop stores. Reusable paint from the RCDWR's HHW program is utilized by Riverside County and cities for programs such as graffiti abatement; however, no departments or cities participated in this offer in 2022.

Edible Food: Riverside-Unincorporated (2022)

Jurisdiction name		Number of food recovery services and organizations located in the jurisdictions	Total pounds of edible food recovered by food recovery organizations and services	
Riverside- Unincorporated	83	44.00	70,000.00	
Jurisdiction name	Additional description			
Riverside- Unincorporated				

Collection Systems: Riverside-Unincorporated (2022)



Collection Container Systems (SLCP)

Jurisdiction Name	Hauler name	Low Population Waiver
Riverside- Unincorporated	DVD	V
Riverside- Unincorporated	Burrtec	V
Riverside- Unincorporated	CR&R	\square
Riverside- Unincorporated	WMI	\square

Residential

Jurisdiction Name	Hauler name	Hauler does not collect residential	Container(s)
Riverside- Unincorporated	DVD		
Riverside- Unincorporated	Burrtec		
Riverside- Unincorporated	CR&R		
Riverside- Unincorporated	WMI		



Jurisdiction Name	Hauler name	3+ containers	Number of generators	Organics allowed in gray container (3+ container)?	3-containers	Number of generators	Organics allowed in gray container (3-container)?
Riverside- Unincorporated	DVD						No
Riverside- Unincorporated	Burrtec					601	No
Riverside- Unincorporated	CR&R				\checkmark	8,346	No
Riverside- Unincorporated	WMI				V	60,321	No
Jurisdiction Name	Hauler name	2-containers	Number of generators	1-containers	Number of generators	Other	Number of generators
Riverside- Unincorporated	DVD	\square	3017				
Riverside- Unincorporated	Burrtec	\square	9960				
Riverside- Unincorporated	CR&R					V	1,215
Riverside- Unincorporated	WMI					V	15,148

Commercial

Jurisdiction Name		Hauler does not collect commercial	Container(s)
Riverside- Unincorporated	DVD		



Jurisdiction Name	Hauler name	Hauler does not collect commercial	Container(s))			
Riverside- Unincorporated	Burrtec						
Riverside- Unincorporated	CR&R						
Riverside- Unincorporated	WMI						
Jurisdiction Name	Hauler name	3+ containers	Number of generators	Organics allowed in gray container (3+ container)?	3-containers	Number of generators	Organics allowed in gray container (3- container)?
Riverside- Unincorporated	DVD				\square	8	No
Riverside- Unincorporated	Burrtec					277	No
Riverside- Unincorporated	CR&R				\square	1,090	No
Riverside- Unincorporated	WMI				M	913	No
Jurisdiction Name	Hauler name	2-containers	Number of generators	1-containers	Number of generators	Other	Number of generators
Riverside- Unincorporated	DVD	\square					
Riverside- Unincorporated	Burrtec		ē 				
Riverside- Unincorporated	CR&R					Ø	5
Riverside- Unincorporated	WMI						222



Jurisdiction Name	Hauler name	Additional description
Riverside- Unincorporated	DVD	
Riverside- Unincorporated	Burrtec	
Riverside- Unincorporated	CR&R	"Other" box is checked to account for all residential and commercial accounts that have 3 containers but are not placing food waste in the organic container.
Riverside- Unincorporated	WMI	"Other" box is checked to account for all residential and commercial accounts that have 3 containers but are not placing food waste in the organic container.



Compostable plastics and plastic bags allowed in green container and collection facilities (SLCP)

Jurisdiction Name	Low Population Waiver
Riverside- Unincorporated	Ø

Jurisdiction Name	Compostable plastics allowed in green container?	Identify the facility that provided notice that it accepts and recovers compostable plastics from the green container or select applicable RDRS facility number(s) if applicable
Riverside- Unincorporated	Yes	11119
Jurisdiction Name	Organics allowed to be placed in plastic bags in green container?	Identify the facility that provided notice that it accepts and removes plastic bags from the green container when it recovers source separated organic waste or select applicable RDRS facility number(s) if applicable
Riverside- Unincorporated	Yes	10078 , 11119
Jurisdiction Name	Additional descrip	otion
Riverside- Unincorporated		



rganic Waste Haulers (SLCP)					
Jurisdiction Name	Low Population Waiver		r of haulers ed to collect organic	Number of haulers approval revoked or denied	
Riverside- Unincorporated	V	4		0	
Jurisdiction Name			of each facility (inclu te from approved ha	ding high diversion organic wast	e processing facilities)
Riverside- Unincorporated	10424, 10428, 1	11119, 109	58		
Jurisdiction Name	No RDRS faci	ility	Identified facilities r	not in RDRS	
Riverside- Unincorporated					
Jurisdiction Name	Additional de	escription			
Riverside- Unincorporated					



Jurisdiction Name	Low Population Waiver		RDRS facility number of each facility receiving organic waste from the jurisdiction		
Riverside- Unincorporated		No			
Jurisdiction Name	Additional description				
Riverside- Unincorporated					

Material Types Collected (Combined)



Pape	Paper				
\checkmark	Uncoated corrugated cardboard				
$\overline{\checkmark}$	Paper grocery bags				
\checkmark	Other paper bags/kraft paper				
\checkmark	Newspaper				
$\overline{\checkmark}$	Office paper (white & colored ledger, computer paper, other office paper)				
$\overline{\checkmark}$	Magazines and catalogs				
	Folding cartons and other paperboard packaging				
	Other recyclable paper (describe in box below)				
	Miscellaneous paper packaging (describe in box below)				
	Aseptic containers				
	Gable-top cartons				
	Compostable paper - non-packaging				
	Compostable paper - packaging				
	Remainder/compost paper - other (describe in box below)				
Land	scape materials				
$\overline{\checkmark}$	Leaves and grass				
$\overline{\checkmark}$	Prunings and trimmings				
V	Branches and stumps				



Build	ling products
	Clean dimensional lumber Clean engineered wood
	Clean pallets and crates
	Wood waste - treated/painted/stained
	Other recyclable wood (describe in box below)
	Remainder/composite organic (describe in box below)
Food	
V	Foodwaste
V	Food soiled paper
Glas	
Glas	
V	Glass
Meta	al
V	Aluminum
$\overline{\checkmark}$	Tin/Steel



Plast	ic
V	Plastic #1 - PET
	Plastic #2 - HDPE
	Plastic #3 - PVC
	Plastic #4 - LDPE
	Plastic #5 - PP
	Plastic #6 - PS
	Plastic #7 - Other
	Expanded or foamed plastic (any resin type)
	Film plastic (any resin type)
Addı	tional materials
	Manure
	Biosolids
	Digestate
	Sludges
	Organic textiles and carpet
	Other materials (describe in box below)
Descr	ibe Materials(s):

SRRE Programs



Program Name	Program description
☑ 1020-SR-BWR Business Waste Reduction Program	In 2022, RCDWR provided virtual assistance for businesses to improve diversion rates and comply with environmental policies. Virtual assistance includes e-flyers, e-brochures, social media, RCDWR Website, and recycling hotline. RCDWR's website consists of a comprehensive waste guide and a list of local food recovery agencies developed by the Riverside County Department of Environmental Health (RCDEH). RCDWR staff communicates with businesses via incoming calls and recycling hotline and provides information on AB 341, AB 1826, SB 1383, and AB 827 mandates. Staff considers a business' waste stream and provides information in areas such as source reduction, recycling, food waste reduction, composting/vermicomposting, donations, and green waste diversion. In November 2022, RCDWR hosted a Three-Day Community Summit. The theme for the first day focused on businesses and offered sessions about business recycling and source reduction. Topics included Legislation Updates with RCDEH, Tier 1 Food Generator: Albertson's, and Sustainability 101.
✓ 1040-SR-SCH School Source Reduction Programs	The Riverside County Department of Waste Resources (RCDWR) supports school source reduction efforts through environmental workshops, compost bin donations, and school garden composting assistance. In 2022, RCDWR completed a total of 15 school outreach activities including vermicomposting presentations, exhibitor tables, and landfill tours. In November 2022, RCDWR hosted a virtual Community Summit and the third day of the summit focused on schools and educators. Topics included School Compliance with CalRecycle, Organics Recycling at UC Riverside, and Riverside City College Sustainability Program. Additionally, RCDWR has multiple online resources such as on-demand YouTube video classes about creating your compost bin and other educational topics about food waste, green waste, and recycling for use by the public. RCDWR also provides a list of local green waste processors on our website for schools that need to haul green waste off-site. In August 2022, RCDWR ran a "Back to School" social media series that covered sustainable tips for students and educators. Topics discussed were school essentials such as outfits, supplies, and lunch meals.
	School outreach information is included in 5020-ED-OUT.



☑ 1050-SR-GOV Government Source Reduction Programs Riverside County Board Policy H-29, Sustainable Building Policy was approved by the Board of Supervisors on February 10, 2009. This policy establishes the use of sustainable building practices in the design of county capital improvement projects to reduce pollution, protect natural resources, enhance asset value, optimize building performance, and create healthier workplaces for county employees. The Sustainable Building Policy has multiple source reduction strategies like: extensive use of non-toxic and/or recycled-content building materials, use of certified sustainable wood products, incorporation of recycling facilities, and recycling of construction and demolition waste. In an effort to increase recycling at County facilities, Riverside County Department of Waste Resources (RCDWR) utilized City/County Payment Program funding to promote the use of deskside recycling containers. Details regarding this program are located in 2060-RC-GOV.

The Department and main county administrative offices have refillable hydration water stations to promote reuse and limit the waste from single-use water bottles. Many county services are also offered to residents online for ease of use which subsequently lessens paper generation. RCDWR continues to serve as a model for many source reduction efforts that are adopted countywide. The RCDWR implemented the H-29 Riverside County Sustainable Building Policy to increase water conservation, reduce waste, and reduce overall energy consumption, which is overseen by a designated staff person.

RCDWR offers on-site composting and vermicomposting that utilizes employee food scrap waste in addition to centralized recycling bins and deskside recycling bins. The RCDWR Purchasing team continues to purchase recycled paper. The RCDWR also has eliminated single use paper plates, cups, and utensils, opting for reusables. RCDWR has utilized the County's previous Furniture Surplus program to furnish landfill and Permanent HHW offices. The RCDWR General Manager-Chief Engineer is able to approve usable items to be salvaged from the County landfills to be utilized for reuse.?



	2030-RC-OSP Commercial On-Site Pickup	Waste haulers continue to collect refuse and recycling in Riverside County. There are four (4) franchise waste haulers within unincorporated Riverside County (Burrtec, CR&R, Desert Valley Disposal, and Waste Management, Inc.). Commercial and Industrial accounts recycled the following material and tonnage: Paper – 2,930.78 Plastic - 0 Glass - 0 Metals – 220.76 White Goods –168.64 Tires – 4.80 Other – 13,307.24
	2060-RC-GOV Government Recycling Programs	RCDWR utilizes City/County Payment Program funding to purchase indoor and outdoor waste/recycling/organic containers for County facilities. Marketed as RivCo Recycles, this program provides the containers that promote and provide access to recycling for employees and residents. In 2022, RCDWR purchased and distributed; 104 deskside bins, 5 Brute, 6 Slimline, 19 Dual Stream Glaro, 7 Concrete bins, and 3 Dorset Dual bins. Another part of this program is having Recycling Ambassadors in each department that provide a point of contact for employees and to disseminate monthly Waste Wednesday newsletter through email messages that provide information on recycling events and other related waste reduction programs.
$\mathbf{\nabla}$	3030-CM-CSG Commercial Self-Haul Greenwaste	The Riverside County Department of Waste Resources (RCDWR) continues to encourage businesses to recycle their green waste by providing educational materials on green waste recycling benefits and a list of local green waste recycling facilities. These lists are provided at the landfill gates when a business arrives with a load of green waste and is available on RCDWR's website. In 2022, an \$11.43/ton green waste surcharge at landfills was in effect as an economic disincentive to landfilling green waste. The County promotes the use of its County staffed compost facility located within the Lamb Canyon Landfill and clean material with <1% contamination is accepted at \$41.35/ton for on-site composting. We refer residents to green/wood waste facilities on our website. Agua Mansa MRF facility also recycles green waste and food waste since 2010. The facility is operated by Burrtec on property leased from RCDWR.



☑ 3035-CM-COR Commercial Organics Recycling	There are four (4) franchise waste haulers within unincorporated Riverside County (Burrtec, CR&R, Desert Valley Disposal, and Waste Management, Inc.). A total of 2,742.69 tons of organics was collected. Greenwaste/Compost - 1,789.69 Food Waste - 42.54 Wood Waste - 910.46 Textiles - 0 Manure - 0 Other Organics - 0
☑ 3040-CM-FWC Food Waste Composting	The RCDWR encourages businesses, residents, and schools county-wide to recycle their food waste by providing educational information. Details regarding electronic education, print education, and electronic outreach are located in 5000-ED-ELC, 5010-ED-PRN, and 5020-ED-OUT, respectively. The following sites process compost materials: Coachella Valley Compost (privately operated), Robert A Nelson Transfer Station (privately operated), Lamb Canyon Composting Facility (RCDWR staffed) and Edom Hill Compost (privately operated). The Lamb Canyon Composting Facility did not accept any food waste in 2022.
☑ 3050-CM-SCH School Composting Programs	The Riverside County Department of Waste Resources (RCDWR) staff provided 6 composting and vermicomposting presentations to schools virtually and in person. RCDWR donates free compost bins to local schools with gardens and schools that wish to start a sustainable recycling program in the classroom. RCDWR donated 2 compost bins to schools with gardens in 2022 (Ramona H.S Riverside, Morongo School Banning). Master Composters and/or RCDWR staff set up the bins and present composting information to educate staff and students about green waste and food waste diversion. In November 2022, RCDWR hosted a virtual Community Summit and the third day of the summit focused on presentations for schools and educators. Presentation topics included School Compliance with CalRecycle, Organics Recycling at UC Riverside, and Riverside City College Sustainability Program. Details regarding electronic education, print education, and electronic outreach are in 5000-ED-ELC, 5010-ED-PRN, and 5020-ED-OUT, respectively.



☑ 3060-CM-GOV Government Composting Programs RCDWR performs legislative review to determine impacts on organics collection and processing.

Residential Programs: Riverside-Unincorporated (2022)

Material Types Collected (Combined)

Paper Uncoated corrugated cardboard Paper grocery bags Other paper bags/kraft paper Newspaper Office paper (white & colored ledger, computer paper, other office paper) Magazines and catalogs Folding cartons and other paperboard packaging Other recyclable paper (describe in box below) Miscellaneous paper packaging (describe in box below) Aseptic containers Gable-top cartons Compostable paper - non-packaging Compostable paper - packaging Remainder/compost paper - other (describe in box below)



Landscape materials ☑ Leaves and grass ☑ Prunings and trimmings ☑ Branches and stumps Building products ☑ Clean dimensional lumber ☑ Clean engineered wood ☑ Clean pallets and crates □ Wood waste - treated/painted/stained □ Other recyclable wood (describe in box below) □ Remainder/composite organic (describe in box below) Food ☑ Foodwaste ☑ Food soiled paper Glass ☑ Glass Metal ☑ Aluminum ☑ Tin/Steel		
☑ Prunings and trimmings ☑ Branches and stumps Building products Clean dimensional lumber Clean engineered wood Clean pallets and crates Wood waste - treated/painted/stained Other recyclable wood (describe in box below) Remainder/composite organic (describe in box below) Food Food Food soiled paper Glass Metal Aluminum	Land	scape materials
☐ Clean dimensional lumber ☐ Clean engineered wood ☐ Clean pallets and crates ☐ Wood waste - treated/painted/stained ☐ Other recyclable wood (describe in box below) ☐ Remainder/composite organic (describe in box below) Food ☐ Foodwaste ☐ Food soiled paper Glass ☐ Glass Metal ☐ Aluminum	$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$	Prunings and trimmings
☐ Clean dimensional lumber ☐ Clean engineered wood ☐ Clean pallets and crates ☐ Wood waste - treated/painted/stained ☐ Other recyclable wood (describe in box below) ☐ Remainder/composite organic (describe in box below) Food ☐ Foodwaste ☐ Food soiled paper Glass ☐ Glass Metal ☐ Aluminum	Build	ling products
 ✓ Foodwaste ✓ Food soiled paper ✓ Glass ✓ Glass ✓ Aluminum 	\times \t	Clean dimensional lumber Clean engineered wood Clean pallets and crates Wood waste - treated/painted/stained Other recyclable wood (describe in box below)
☐ Food soiled paper Glass ☐ Glass Metal ☐ Aluminum	Food	
✓ Glass Metal ✓ Aluminum	_	
☑ Glass Metal ☑ Aluminum	Glass	S.
☑ Aluminum		Glass
	Meta	al



Plas	iic	
V	Plastic #1 - PET	
V	Plastic #2 - HDPE	
	Plastic #3 - PVC	
	Plastic #4 - LDPE	
	Plastic #5 - PP	
	Plastic #6 - PS	
	Plastic #7 - Other	
	Expanded or foamed plastic (any resin type)	
	Film plastic (any resin type)	
۸۵۵	tional materials	
Auu	tional materials	
	Manure	
	Organic textiles and carpet	
	Other materials (describe in box below)	
Desc	ribe Materials(s):	
	• •	

SRRE Programs

Program Name ✓ 1010-SR-BCM Backyard and On-Site Composting/Mulching The Riverside County Department of Waste Resources (RCDWR) teaches residents about home composting and vermicomposting through the website with recorded videos, downloadable pdfs, in-person classes, and virtual/in-person presentations. Scheduled classes for 2022 were held in person at Department HQ outdoor Resource Garden in Moreno Valley. Additional virtual recordings are available online on our website www.rcwaste.org. The RCDWR continues to recommend use of mulch in conditions of approval. The Department also implements on-site composting at the department headquarters and at the Lamb Canyon Landfill. RCDWR utilizes mulch in landscaping and erosion control at department facilities. Outreach events and attendee information is included in 5020-ED-OUT.



✓ 1060-SR-MTE Material Exchange, Thrift Shops	The RCDWR operates five (5) Drop N Shops at the following locations: Agua Mansa Permanent Household Hazardous Waste Collection Facility (PHHWCF), Palm Springs PHHWCF, Badlands Landfill Antifreeze, Battery, Oil and Paint Facility (ABOP), Lamb Canyon Landfill PHHWCF and Lake Elsinore PHHWCF. These reuse centers allow residents to pick up good reusable material that is brought into the PHHWCF's and THHWCF's at no cost. PHHWCF Drop and Shop centers also distribute a small amount of material to the public for reuse. Latex paints collected by PHHWCF primarily go to Acrylatex , while hazardous waste incinerators use oil-based paints as supplemental fuel. For 2022, 2.6 tons of materials was distributed for reuse through the Department Drop N Shops.
✓ 2000-RC-CRB Residential Curbside	The County franchise hauler system continues to provide refuse collection and recycling service in the Unincorporated County. There are four (4) franchise waste haulers within the unincorporated Riverside County (Burrtec, CR&R, Desert Valley Disposal, and Waste Management, Inc.). Hauler programs diverted the following: 12,282.27 tons of paper 776.96 tons of plastic 2646.85 tons of glass 841 tons of metals 0.00 tons of white goods 0.00 tons of tires
☑ 2010-RC-DRP Residential Drop-Off	Riverside County residents can utilize Riverside County landfills to drop off accepted recyclables.
✓ 2020-RC-BYB Residential Buy-Back	There are buy back centers located in the Riverside incorporated county.
	There are four (4) franchise waste haulers within unincorporated Riverside County (Burrtec, CR&R, Desert Valley Disposal, and Waste Management, Inc.). County franchise haulers collected 41,991.44 tons of curbside green waste.
☑ 3010-CM-RSG Residential Self-haul Greenwaste	722.39 tons of Residential Self-haul Greenwaste material was diverted from landfilling through the Lamb Canyon Landfill Compost Facility.



Education and Outreach: Riverside-Unincorporated (2022)

SLCP, MCR, MORe, and SRRE/HHWE Education and Outreach (combined)

Jurisdiction Name	Low Population Waiver	Elevation waiver
Riverside-Unincorporated		

What type of education and outreach were provided to all generators, including organic waste generators, and how many generators received each type of education and outreach? (Includes education and outreach for SLCP, MORe, MCR, and SRRE/HHWE) Select all that apply.

Jurisdiction Name	Print	Number of generators that received SLCP material	Number of generators that received SLCP material	contact	Number of generators that received SLCP material	Number of generators that received SLCP material
Riverside- Unincorporate d				V	92	1,042

Jurisdiction Name	Describe SLCP, MCR, MORe, and SRRE/HHWE education and outreach
Riverside- Unincorporate d	For 2022, there were 1,042 business/multi-family complexes that were subject to MCR requirements and 1,671 business/multi-family complexes that were subject to MORe requirements. The number has decreased because of compliance with MCR/MOR requirements.
	Riverside County provided education and outreach to both businesses and businesses within the County and additional information can be found in 5000-ED-ELC, 5010-PR-OUT and 5020-ED-OUT in the document section.
	Riverside County Environmental Health conducted inspections of 68 tier 1 and 24 tier 2 facility generators which all received direct education on SLCP at the time of inspection.



Commercial Edible Food Generators Education and Outreach (SLCP) What type of education and outreach were provided to commercial edible food generators and how many generators received each type of education and outreach? Select all that apply. Jurisdiction **Number of Direct Number of Print Number of Electronic Number of Other** edible food edible food contact edible food edible food Name generators generators generators generators that received that received that received that received material material material material $\overline{\mathbf{V}}$ Riverside-92 Unincorporate d Jurisdiction **Describe education and outreach selected** Name All education information was provided during routine inspections at the tier 1 and tier 2 facilities. Riverside-Unincorporate d

SRRE Programs



Program Name	Program description
✓ 5000-ED-ELC Electronic (radio ,TV, web, hotlines)	RCDWR provides information through social media, the RCDWR website rcwaste.org, the HHW and recycling hotlines, electronic newspaper articles, and electronic press releases.
	In 2022, RCDWR published daily social media posts (Instagram, Facebook, Twitter) and weekly short videos (Instagram, TikTok) to advertise department events and classes. Social media is also utilized to promote educational messages related to waste reduction, recycling, and sustainability.
	RCDWR's social media highlights include a viral Instagram Reel featuring step-by-step instructions on building an Olla, including the history and benefits of the ancient irrigation system. Other standout short videos include the 12 Days of Christmas TikTok series which covered zero-waste gift ideas and wrapping paper alternatives.
	The RCDWR website also includes access to virtual live classes and on-demand classes such as composting, vermicomposting, green home topics (green cleaning, green gardening, making your home zero waste, green landscaping, and green wardrobe), recycling, food waste-food rescue, intro to environmental justice, and intro to climate change. On-demand classes are typically available in English and Spanish.
	In 2022, RCDWR published 451 Facebook posts, 468 Twitter posts, 499 Instagram posts, and 92 TikTok posts on waste reduction, environmental policies, recycling, composting, community events, and more. Across all platforms, a total of 150 videos were published focusing on source reduction themes such as HHW diversion and reducing house and food waste. In 2022, www.rcwaste.org website views of 353,756; 2,451 HHW hotline calls, 221 recycling hotline calls; and 51 press releases.
☑ 5010-ED-PRN Print (brochures, flyers, guides,	The RCDWR utilizes electronic media (i.e., social media and its website) for program promotion whenever possible to source reduce paper printed materials.
news articles)	Print media was used to promote the outreach calendar, our programs, classes, and events; Household Hazardous Waste (HHW) information and collection events; and material related to other waste reduction RCDWR programs (available in the backup documentation). Print media is typically available in Spanish. The department offers printed outreach flyers at community events.
	Local community newspapers and community program guides are used whenever possible. All printed materials, public education literature, flyers, etc. are printed on recycled content paper when available. Press releases were also distributed through the County's Executive Office electronically in place of display advertising.
	Due to COVID-19, RCDWR stopped printing items in March 2020 and has continued to use electronic media over print in 2022. RCDWR transitioned print media to electronic media to ensure businesses, residents, and schools have access to outreach.



✓ 5020-ED-OUT Outreach (tech assistance, field trips)

The RCDWR participates in a variety of community events and conducts presentations and classes, both inperson and virtually. In 2022, the department participated in 105 outreach events and activities. RCDWR hosted presentations, awards, fairs, 13 backyard composting, vermicomposting, and make-your-own worm bin classes. RCDWR also hosted the following classes: 4 in the green home series, 2 food waste-food rescue, 2 making your home zero waste, 2 in climate change, and 2 in environmental justice. Additionally, 5 Lamb Canyon landfill tours were completed. Staff and volunteers are available at these events to answer questions about source reduction programs and waste issues.

> In April 2022, the Department hosted a Succulent Teacup Reuse workshop encouraging residents to divert landfill waste by creating homemade planters. RCDWR also hosted a three-day virtual Community Summit in November. The three-day event centered one day on businesses, one day on residents, and one day on educators/schools. Topics included business recycling, waste legislation, food waste reduction, textile waste, climate change and health, composting and vermicomposting assistance, and sustainability efforts undertaken and promoted by schools.

2022 Event Data

Businesses 6 events 1,556 attended

Multi-Family Dwellings 0 events 0 attended

Residential 84 events 9,490 attended

School 15 events 555 attended

Volunteer Hours 643 contributed

Compost and Vermicompost Bins 248 distributed



 5030-ED-SCH Schools
(education and curriculum)

The Riverside County Unified School District follows the California Education and the Environment Initiative. The California Education and the Environment Initiative is a statewide effort to make environmental literacy an integral part of K-12 instruction in California. This program provides educators with professional learning and instructional materials that demonstrate how to blend the environment into the teaching of traditional academic subjects such as science, history, and English language arts. One environmental topic covers resource conversation & recycling at all education levels: elementary, middle, and high school levels.

To supplement the Education and Environmental Initiative, RCDWR provides a School Resource page on the website and offers schools and districts the option to schedule a recycling specialist to speak about composting, recycling, and food waste reduction. Riverside County schools with a garden can also receive one free composting or vermicomposting bin per year (for up to 2 years or 2 bins of choice). Along with the bin, RCDWR can assign an Outreach Volunteer or staff member to become a school's composting mentor. In 2022, composting mentors were not scheduled to work with the schools to implement and enhance their school garden compost areas.

Outreach data is reported in 5020-ED-OUT.

The RCDWR promotes all HHW Collection Events, environmental classes, and waste reduction programs through social media (Facebook, Instagram, Twitter, TikTok, and YouTube), press releases, event schedule flyers, the RCDWR website, recycling hotline, HHW hotline, community events, and community presentations. The cities also promote the County's programs to their residents. Details of the electronic, print material and outreach programs are located in 5000-ED-ELC, 5010-ED-PRN, and 5020-ED-OUT respectively.

MWELO, CALGreen, C&D, and Other Programs: Riverside-Unincorporated (2022)



MWELO (SLCP)

Jurisdiction Name

Number of projects subject to the Model
Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance

(MWELO)

Riverside-Unincorporated 1,433

Jurisdiction Name Additional description

Riverside-Unincorporated

CALGreen (SLCP)

Jurisdiction Name

Number of construction and demolition debris removal activities conducted in compliance with CALGreen

Riverside-Unincorporated 492

Jurisdiction Name Additional description

Riverside-Unincorporated | Waste Recycling Plans

(WRPs) are required prior to issuance of building/grading permits, and Waste Recycling Reports documenting compliance with the WRPs, are required prior to issuance of occupancy permits. For 2022 there were 492 projects that were compliant with the CalGreen requirements.



Recycling (Combined)

Inerts

☑ Asphalt Paving

✓ Brick

☑ Concrete/cement

☑ Gypsum Board/drywall

☑ Rock, soils and fines

☑ Mixed C + D

SRRE Programs

Program Name	Program description
☑ 1000-SR-XGC Xeriscaping/Grasscycling	Riverside County Department of Waste Resources (RCDWR) continues to provide outreach materials to the public through our website and social media, including information on grasscycling and xeriscaping. The Department continues to offer virtual and in-person classes and attendance at Community events. A wide variety of promotional materials continue to be available on our website and YouTube page. County Parks are mowed using low-deck mowers and clippings are left on the turf.
✓ 2070-RC-SNL Special Collection Seasonal (regular)	The Riverside County Department of Waste Resources collected 1.49 tons of Christmas trees for recycling in 2022. Christmas tree collection typically occurs starting December 26th and lasts for two weeks. Lower tonnage could be due to more residents using the hauler curbside collection for trees.
✓ 2080-RC-SPE Special Collection Events	The RCDWR collected 922.49 tons of solid waste at 25 Community Clean-ups events held throughout the County. Tires collected through this program are accounted for in 4020-SP-TRS.
☑ 4000-SP-ASH Ash	Program is discontinued.



✓ 4010-SP-SLG Sludge (sewage/industrial)	Land application of Class B sewage sludge is prohibited per County Ordinance 812. On February 18, 2004, the Riverside County Board of Supervisors adopted Ordinance 830, which regulates Class A sewage sludge land application for agricultural activities.?
	Eastern Municipal Water District (EMWD) has four regional water reclamation facilities which treat approximately 49 million gallons of wastewater every day: San Jacinto Valley Regional Water Reclamation Facility, Moreno Valley Regional Water Reclamation Facility, Perris Valley Regional Water Reclamation Facility, and Temecula Valley Regional Water Reclamation Facility. Their Sun City Regional Water Reclamation Facility is no longer active. The biosolids generated from EMWD from the four active regional water reclamation facilities are shipped to La Paz Landfill in Arizona for land application. The total wet tons shipped to Arizona in 2022 were 56,720.4 and the total dry tons were 10,391.33. EMWD does not accept any food waste for co-digestion.
	Western Water (WW), formerly Western Municipal Water District also treats wastewater at the Western Water Recycling Facility (WWRF). 202.03 tons of biosolids were composted in California through Liberty Composting, Inc. and 0 tons were composted/land applied outside of California. WMWD does not accept any food waste for co-digestion.
	The Santa Rosa Regional Resources Authority (SRRRA) provides wastewater infrastructure for the southwestern Riverside County region. The Authority is responsible for the collection, transmission, treatment, and disposal of wastewater from its member agencies, relating to flows to the Santa Rosa Water Reclamation Facility (SRWRF) in Murrieta, California. SRRRA sent out a total of 3,788.43 tons of biosolids to Arizona for composting. SRRRA does not take in any food waste.
✓ 4020-SP-TRS Tires	The RCDWR continues to collect tires for a fee at three landfills: Badlands, Lamb Canyon and Blythe. Tires are source-separated and removed from the landfill to an acceptable disposal (e.g. engineered fill) or recycling location. Tires are also collected and subsequently recycled through the Illegal dumping Mop-up And Cleanup Team (IMPACT) and Community Cleanups. 291.68 tons of tires were collected by these programs. Riverside County is also a recipient of Tire Enforcement Grants which are administered by the Code Enforcement Department (administrative only). Tires collected curbside by the haulers are accounted for in 2000- RC-CRB and 2030-RC-OSP.
☑ 4030-SP-WHG White Goods	Tonnage for white goods is included in tonnage reported in Scrap Metal 4040-SP-SCM
✓ 4040-SP-SCM Scrap Metal	RCDWR diverts all self-hauled metallic and appliance materials from landfilling (1,436 tons). Riverside County Transportation and Land Management Agency also recycles traffic signs and posts, in 2022 (20.13 tons) were taken to recycling.
✓ 4050-SP-WDW Wood Waste	Wood waste continues to be diverted to green/woody waste recyclers (for processing into mulch and fuel) and to Green Leaf Energy, a biomass-to-energy facility in the Coachella Valley. Tonnage is included in 8010-TR-BIO.



✓ 4060-SP-CAR Concrete/Asphalt/Rubble	The RCDWR used 631.25 tons of tire-derived aggregate (California tires) as part of the TDA Grant awarded to RCDWR. The landfills utilized 14,686.40 tons of material as road base. Waste Recycling Plans (WRPs) are required prior to issuance of building/grading permits, and Waste Recycling Reports documenting compliance with the WRPs, are required prior to issuance of occupancy permits. 19,055.00 tons were recycled through the WRP process. The Riverside County Department of Transportation and Land Management Agency (TLMA) also utilizes tires in Rubberized Asphalt Concrete (RAC). The quantities for each year have not been broken down by TLMA.
✓ 4090-SP-RND Rendering	According to the Riverside County Department of Animal Services, there is no accurate weight amount that can be found or provided; however, the total number of barrels picked up in 2022 for Western Riverside, San Jacinto, and Coachella are 1,401 and estimated to weigh 245 tons (average weight of barrel is 350 pounds). These barrels were sent to the rendering facility in Vernon, CA (D&D West Coast Rendering) as per Animal Services' contract with TLC, with the exception of the Blythe Animal Shelter. The Blythe Animal Shelter staff transports the animals to the Blythe Landfill. These barrels include animals that are impounded DOA (dead on arrival) or get euthanized at the shelter locations. These numbers do not reflect the weight of animals the department collects in the field. There are no rendering facilities located within Riverside County.?
☑ 6000-PI-PLB Product and Landfill Bans	RCDWR continued to divert mattresses at Badlands and Lamb Canyon Landfill. 56.47 tons of mattresses were recycled
✓ 6010-PI-EIN Economic Incentives	RCDWR has a greenwaste surcharge to disincentivize greenwaste landfilling and encourage compost recycling. The Department also provides a copy of list of greenwaste facilities within Riverside County, which is available on our website and is provided to customers on request at the landfill. In July 2020 the Department added an appliance surcharge to each appliance brought in by residents with a limit of four appliances. The RCDWR does not accept appliances from businesses.

Hazardous Waste Programs: Riverside-Unincorporated (2022)



SRRE Programs

Program Name	Program description
	The program consists of four permanent HHW facilities and seven ABOPs, the Load Check Program, and two sharps kiosks. A total of 20,630 participants were served and 661.42 tons of waste was collected. The facility details were reported through CalRecycle Form 303. E-waste from these facilities is reported in 9045-HH-EWA.
☑ 9010-HH-MPC Mobile or Periodic Collection	The RCDWR continues to operate a schedule of Temporary Household Hazardous Waste Collection Events. These events were operated successfully throughout the County including 32 event days serving 6,246 participants and collecting 192.91 tons of waste. E-waste from these events is reported in 9045-HH-EWA.
☑ 9020-HH-CSC Curbside Collection	Used Motor Oil is collected curbside in most solid waste franchise hauler areas. 486 gallons (1.8 tons) were collected in the unincorporated areas by franchise haulers in 2022. (Backup under 2022 EAR – Refuse Hauler Recycling Data)
	656.72 tons of CRT and Electronic Waste was collected from landfill, HHW, Digital Equity, and Proof of Designation programs for recycling.

Disposal Rate Calculation: Riverside-Unincorporated (2022)



Definition of Terms

"Disposal" - Resources Code - PRC 40192. (a) Except as provided in subdivisions (b) and (c), "solid waste disposal," "disposal," or "dispose" means the final deposition of solid wastes onto land, into the atmosphere, or into the waters of the state. (b) For purposes of Part 2 (commencing with Section 40900), "solid waste disposal," "dispose," or "disposal" means the management of solid waste through landfill disposal, transformation, or EMSW conversion, at a permitted solid waste facility, unless the term is expressly defined otherwise.(c) For purposes of Chapter 16 (commencing with Section 42800) and Chapter 19 (commencing with Section 42950) of Part 3, Part 4 (commencing with Section 43000), Part 5 (commencing with Section 45000), Part 6 (commencing with Section 45030), and Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 47901) of Part 7, "solid waste disposal," "dispose," or "disposal" means the final deposition of solid wastes onto land.

Reporting-Year Disposal Amount (tons) – Defaults to the total tonnage disposed in the Reporting-Year by a jurisdiction as reported to the Recycling and Disposal Reporting System (RDRS). This total disposal contains all jurisdiction waste that was disposed in CA landfills (including Green Material ADC), transformation facilities, EMSW facilities, and exported

out-of-state (including Green Material Potential Beneficial Reuse Exported), except for declared disaster debris disposal and disposal in Class II facilities, as those two types of tonnage are no longer tracked by jurisdiction of origin. Any changes will require you submit a Reporting Reporting Year Disposal Modification Certification Sheet (PDF). See User's Guide or contact LAMD representative if uncertain.

Disposal Reduction Credits - the EAR calculator will subtract these credits from your requested total in the Reporting-Year Disposal Amount field. Requesting credits will require you submit a <u>Reporting Year Disposal Modification Certification Sheet (PDF)</u>. Descriptions of these credits can be found on that sheet. See <u>EAR User's Guide</u> or contact LAMD representative if uncertain.

Reporting-Year Transformation Waste (tons) – defaults to the total tonnage of waste sent in the Reporting-Year by a jurisdiction to a CalRecycle-permitted transformation facility as reported to the Recycling and Disposal Reporting System (RDRS). Transformation is factored into the Per Capita rate only, and is not deductible. To eliminate the Per Capita credit for transformation tonnage, change the *Reporting-Year Transformation Waste (tons)* number to 0.00.

Reporting-Year Population – January 1st estimate of the number of inhabitants occupying a jurisdiction in the Reporting-Year as prepared by the California Department of Finance (DOF)

Reporting-Year Employment – the estimate of the annual average number of employees by jurisdiction in the Reporting-Year as prepared by the California Employment Development Department (EDD).

Additional Definitions - for additional definitions and/or acronym descriptions, see the <u>LGCentral Glossary</u>.



Landfill Disposal (tons):		468,112.99
Transformation (tons):		97.81
Engineered Municipal Solid Waste (EMSW) Conversion Facility (tons):		0.00
Green Material ADC (tons):		35.03
Green Material Potential Beneficial Reuse Exported (tons):		0.00
Reporting-Year Disposal Amount (tons):		468,245.83
Disposal Reduction Credits (Reported):		
Disaster Waste (tons):	0.00	
Medical Waste (tons):	0.00	
Regional Diversion Facility Residual Waste (tons):	0.00	
C & D Waste (tons):	0.00	
Class II Waste (tons):	0.00	
Out of State Export (Diverted) (tons):	0.00	
Other Disposal Amount (tons):	0.00	
Total Disposal Reduction Credit Amount (tons):		0.00
Total Adjusted Reporting-Year Disposal Amount (tons):	_	468,245.83
Reporting-Year Transformation Waste (tons):		97.81
Reporting-Year Population:		398,404
Reporting-Year Employment:		83,788

Reporting-Year Calculation Results (Per Capita)



	Population		Employment	
	Target	Annual	Target	Annual
Disposal Rate without Transformation (pounds/person/day):		6.4		30.6
Transformation Rate (pounds/person/day):	1.5	0.0	6.2	0.0
The Calculated Disposal Rate (pounds/person/day)	7.3	6.4	30.9	30.6

Calculation Factors: Riverside-Unincorporated (2022)

Disposal Rate Accuracy

1.	Are there extenuating circumstances pertaining to your jurisdiction's disposal rate that CalRecycle should consider, as authorized by the <u>Public Resources Code Section 41821(c)</u> ? If you wish to attach additional information to your annual report, please send those items or electronic files to your LAMD representative; include a brief description of those files below. If so, please use the space below to tell CalRecycle.			
	☐ Yes. Please use the space below to tell CalRecycle.			
	☑ No.			

Calculation Factors

If either 1. Alternative disposal or 2. Deductions to RDRS boxes are checked, please complete, and sign the Reporting Year Disposal Modification Sheet (PDF) and save to your computer. You may enter the data and save the Disposal Modification Form to you recomputer. Then either upload the sheet and supporting documentation using the Document Upload Section before submitting your report, or mail, e-mail or FAX to CalRecycle within 7 business days of submitting your report. If you are only claiming report-year disposal deductions for waste transported to a certified Transformation facility, you do not need to fill out the certification request.



If 3. Green Material ADC (AB 1594) box is checked: Pursuant to Public Resources Code (PRC) Section 41781.3 [(AB) 1594 (Williams, Chapter 719, Statutes of 2014)], beginning in the 2017 EAR jurisdictions are required to include information on plans to address how green material that is being used as ADC will be diverted. Jurisdictions can review disposal facilities that assigned green material ADC and the amount by using the RDRS Reports: Jurisdiction Disposal and Beneficial Reuse by Destination. More information and brief instructions for using the inflow/outflow map is available on CalRecycle's Green Material Used as Alternative Daily Cover (ADC) webpage. 1. Alternative disposal tonnage 2. Deductions to RDRS disposal tonnage 3. Green Material ADC (AB1594) 2022 Riverside-Unincorporated Green Material ADC (tons): 35.03 Our jurisdiction has submitted a request to facilities that have assigned green material ADC to our jurisdiction to adjust the tons assigned as we believe they may be misallocated • For reporting entities that check this box, the following questions may still require answers if there was green material assigned at the time this EAR was made available for editing. If the tons were changed in RDRS after the date the EAR opens for reporting by jurisdictions, please note that revised information in the answer to the first question below including the tons adjusted, facility name(s), date(s) the changes were made in RDRS system. 1. Please describe in the box below the jurisdiction's plans to divert green material that is being used as ADC. The County accepts clean green waste at the Lamb Canyon Landfill Composting Facility and there is a charge for clean green waste (less than 1% contamination - net disposal load weight of 0.5 tons or less). This material is used at the compost facility onsite. The County has a surcharge for mixed greenwaste which is higher than than the solid waste rate. Rates can be found at https://www.rcwaste.org/landfill/fees The County also provides a list of greenwaste processors throughout the County on our website https://rcwaste.org/sites/g/files/aldnop376/files/migrated/Portals-0-Files-Planning-CD-DebrisRecyclers.pdf 2. If the jurisdiction is not meeting the requirements of Section 41780 as a result of not being able to claim diversion for the use of green material as alternative daily cover, then please identify and describe the barriers to recycling green material.



3. If the jurisdiction is not meeting the requirements of Section 41780 as a result of not being able to claim diversion for the use of green
material as alternative daily cover, and if sufficient capacity at facilities that recycle green material is not expected to be operational before
the jurisdiction's next review pursuant to

Section 41825, then the jurisdiction should include a plan to address the barriers identified in the second question that are within the control of the jurisdiction.

Although you will be able to submit your electronic Annual Report without completing a disposal modification form, your Annual Report will not be deemed complete until it is completed and received by CalRecycle. Contact your <u>LAMD representative</u> for details.

Waivers and Exemptions: Riverside-Unincorporated (2022)

Department Issued Waivers (SLCP)

Jurisdiction Name	Low Population Waiver	High elevation waiver	Number of generators waived from requirement to subscribe to an organic waste collection service		Tons disposed as a result of emergency processing facility or operational failure waiver	Number of days a disaster and emergency waiver was in effect
Riverside- Unincorporated			59,938	0	0.00	0

Jurisdiction Name	Additional description
Riverside-	
Unincorporated	



Jurisdiction Name	Low Population Waiver	Elevation waiver	Number of de-minimis waivers issued	Number of physical space waivers issued	
Riverside- Unincorporated	✓		361	8	
Jurisdiction Name	Additional de	escription			
Riverside-					
Jnincorporated	(1400)				
Unincorporated ORe Exemptio		Rationale for	allowing exemptions		

Contamination, Inspections, and Complaints: Riverside-Unincorporated (2022)



risdiction Name	Low	Route		
	Population Waiver	Reviews		
Riverside-Unincorporated	\square			
Jurisdiction Name	Number of route reviews conducted for prohibited container contaminants		Waste e	evaluation results descri
Riverside-Unincorporated				
Jurisdiction Name	Number of targeted route reviews resulti from waste evaluations	violations targeted	s, or education issued to	Additional description
Riverside-Unincorporated				1



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Inspections (١.
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Jurisdiction Name	edible food (tier one) generators	Number of commercial edible food (tier two) generators inspections	Number of food recovery organizations or services inspections	Number of commercial businesses inspections, if applicable
Riverside-Unincorporated	68	24	21	0

Jurisdiction Name	Additional description
Riverside-Unincorporated	

Complaints (SLCP)

	Number of complaints received	Number of complaints investigated
Riverside-Unincorporated	0	0

Jurisdiction Name	Additional description
Riverside-Unincorporated	

Enforcement and Monitoring: Riverside-Unincorporated (2022)



SLCP ((SLCP)
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	Low Population Waiver	businesses (includes multifamily) included in a	Number of commercial businesses (includes multifamily) included in a compliance review NOT Recycling organics
Riverside-Unincorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	0	0

Jurisdiction Name	Additional description
Riverside-Unincorporated	

MORe (MORe)

Jurisdiction Name	Number of commercial businesses (includes multifamily) required to recycle organics	Number of commercial businesses (includes multifamily) NOT recycling organics	Monitoring to inform those not recycling about MORe
Riverside-Unincorporated	1,671	287	Riverside County is working with waste haulers to inform business/multi-family complexes about the requirements and bring them into compliance.

Jurisdiction Name	Additional description
Riverside-Unincorporated	



commercial businesses (includes multifamily) required to recycle organics Not recycle organics 1,042 171 Riverside County is working with waste haulers to inform business/multi-family complexes about the requirements and bring them into compliance.	MCR (MCR)			
complexes about the requirements and bring them into compliance.	Jurisdiction Name	commercial businesses (includes multifamily) required to recycle	commercial businesses (includes multifamily) NOT recycling	Monitoring to inform those not recycling about MORe
urisdiction Name Additional description	Riverside-Unincorporated	1,042	171	Riverside County is working with waste haulers to inform business/multi-family complexes about the requirements and bring them into compliance.
	Jurisdiction Name	Additional de	escription	
Riverside-Unincorporated	Riverside-Unincorporated			



Notices of Violation (SLCP) **Jurisdiction Name** Low **Population** Waiver Riverside-Unincorporated **Jurisdiction Name Number of Number of Number of Number of Number of** Number of Number of **Notices of Notices of Notices of Notices of Notices of Notices of Notices of Violation Violation Violation Violation Violation Violation Violation** issued for issued for issued for food issued based issued for issued for residential commercial commercial commercial recovery recovery on organics waste edible food edible food organizations services investigation organics waste generators generators generators of compliants generators (tier one) (tier two) Riverside-Unincorporated 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 **Additional description Jurisdiction Name** Riverside-Unincorporated



Penalty Orders (SLCP)

Jurisdiction Name	Low Population Waiver
Riverside-Unincorporated	

	penalty orders issued for commercial organics waste	penalty orders issued for commercial	commercial edible food generators	penalty orders	food recovery services	Number of penalty orders issued for residential organics waste generators
Riverside-Unincorporated	0	0	0	0	0	0

Jurisdiction Name	Additional description
Riverside-Unincorporated	



Enforcement Actions Resolv	ved (SLCP)
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Jurisdiction Name	Low Population Waiver
Riverside-Unincorporated	\square

	enforcement actions resolved for commercial organics waste generators	enforcement actions resolved for commercial edible food	enforcement actions resolved for commercial	enforcement actions resolved for food recovery	enforcement actions resolved for food recovery services	Number of enforcement actions resolved for residential organics waste generators
Riverside-Unincorporated	0	0	0	0	0	0

Jurisdiction Name	Additional description
Riverside-Unincorporated	

Facilities: Riverside-Unincorporated (2022)

SRRE Programs

Program Name	Program description
☑ 7000-FR-MRF MRF	Robert A. Nelson Transfer Station and MRF facility (RANTS): operated by Burrtec on property leased from RCDWR. The RANTS is located in Jurupa Valley. At RANTS, there are the following programs: general refuse, electronic waste, appliances, tires, construction & demolition, and metals. The RANTS also recycles green waste and food waste since 2010. Perris Transfer Station and MRF (PTS): operated by CR&R Incorporated. The PTS located in Perris continues to implement the following programs: general refuse, bulky item and furniture, green waste and food



✓ 7010-FR-LAN Landfill	The RCDWR operates five landfills (Badlands, Blythe, Desert Center, Lamb Canyon, and Oasis). Waste Management, Inc. operates the El Sobrante landfill. RCDWR continues to operate the Lamb Canyon and Badlands Landfill Waste Recycle Parks (WRP), which offers self-haulers the opportunity to bring segregated recyclable materials to drop off at the WRPs. This recyclable material is then sent to recyclers by the RCDWR. Certain recyclables are also accepted at the Blythe, Oasis and El Sobrante landfill.
✓ 7020-FR-TST Transfer Station	Transfer Stations are privately operated in Riverside County. The following transfer stations are operated by Burrtec: Coachella Transfer Station, Edom Hill Transfer Station, and Robert A. Nelson (RAN) Transfer Station and MRF. Burrtec leases these properties from RCDWR. Waste Management, Inc. owns and operates Moreno Valley Transfer Station and MRF. The following transfer stations are owned by CR&R: Perris Transfer Station and MRF. CR & R also operates Anza Transfer Station, Idyllwild Transfer Station, and Pinyon Flats Transfer Station. CR&R leases the Anza, Idyllwild, and Pinyon Flats properties from RCDWR. The transfer stations receive recyclable materials and to serve as solid waste transfer stations. The Coachella, Idyllwild, Anza, and Edom Hill transfer stations also serve as Antifreeze, Batteries, Used Oil and Paint (ABOP) and PaintCare facilities. Green waste recycling activities occur at the Edom Hill, Perris, and RAN Transfer Stations. Food waste recycling processing occurs at the Burrtec RAN Transfer Station and the CR&R Perris Transfer Station.
✓ 7030-FR-CMF Composting Facility	Lamb Canyon Landfill has a permitted composting program, which is operated by RCDWR. There are several other composting facilities located within Riverside County operated by private entities. See the backup documentation for a listing.
✓ 7040-FR-ADC Alternative Daily Cover	35.03 tons of ADC were utilized from unincorporated Riverside County. Low tonnage continues in 2022 due to the implementation of AB 1594. RCDWR has reduced the use of ADC and instead uses dirt and tarps for landfill cover. As of January 1, 2020, the use of green material as ADC does not constitute diversion through recycling and will be considered disposal for purposes of measuring a jurisdiction's 50 percent per capita disposal rate.
☑ 8000-TR-WTE Waste To Energy	Dropped in earlier year.

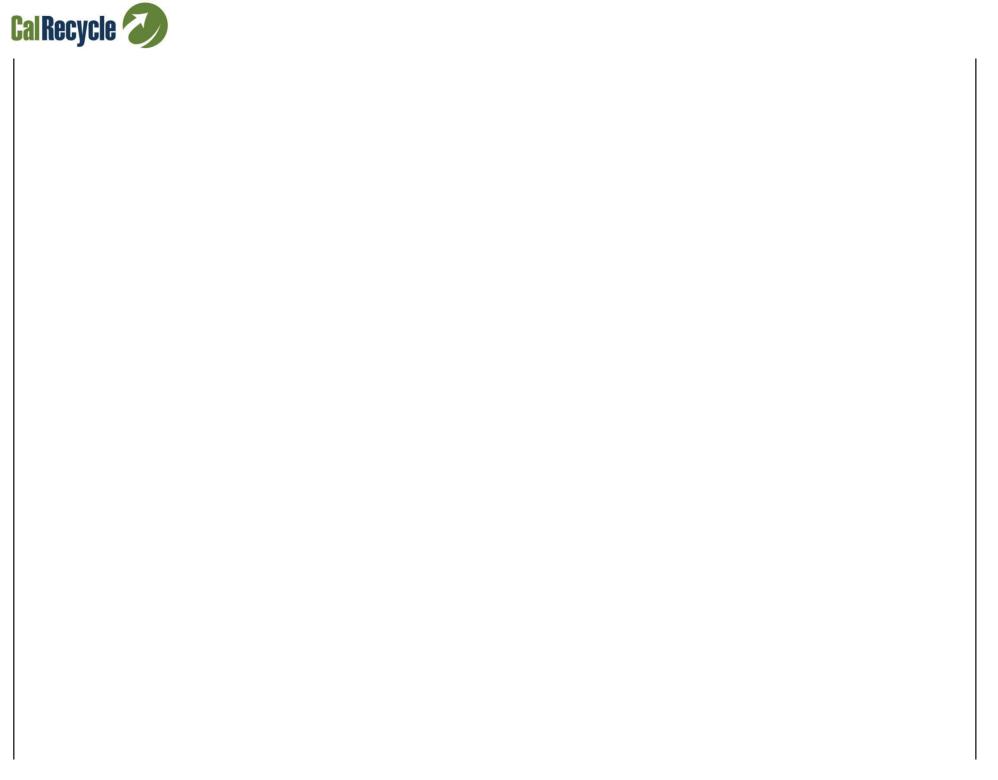


✓ 8010-TR-BIO Biomass

The County and its cities diverted 73,711.84 tons of wood waste to Green Leaf Energy a biomass facility located in the Coachella Valley. It appears that there was a general decrease among all processors as well as the self-haul coming to the facility. Decreased tonnage may be attributed to collection issues due to COVID-19.

Infrastructure and Barriers: Riverside-Unincorporated (2022)	
Mandatory Commercial Organics Recycling (MORe): Infrastructure and barriers (AB 876)	
1. Has anything changed in the last year, since the submittal of the County capacity planning reporting requirements per 14 CCR Section 18992.1 et at.? If yes, describe in box below.	
☐ Yes. ☑ No.	

Enforceable Mechanisms and Ordinances: Riverside-Unincorporated (2022) Ordinance or Enforceable Mechanism Changes if applicable (SLCP) Jurisdiction Name Changes to the ordinance or enforceable mechanism ordinance or enforceable mechanism? Riverside-Unincorporated





Contact Changes (SLCP)

Jurisdiction name	Change to SLCP primary contact information?	First Name	Last name	Title	Street address	City
Riverside- Unincorporated		Jeff	Johnson	Director of Environmental Health Department	4085 County Circle Dr	Riverside
Jurisdiction name	Zip code	Email addres	s		Phone	
Riverside- Unincorporated	92503		jeffjohnson@rivco.org		(951) 358-5316	

SLCP official contact Jurisdiction **Title Street address** City **Change to First Name Last name SLCP** official name contact information? Riverside-Jeffrey Van Wagenen County 4080 Lemon St 4th Fl Riverside **Executive Officer** Unincorporated Jurisdiction Zip code **Email address** Phone name Riversidejvanwagenen@rivco.org (951) 955-1110 92503 Unincorporated



Ordinances or Enforceable Mechanisms (Combined)

Mandatory organic waste disposal reduction ordinance (SLCP Required)
Edible Food Recovery ordinance (SLCP Required)
CALGreen (LEED or other Green Building requirements) ordinance (SLCP Required)
Model water efficient landscape ordinance (SLCP Required)
Mulch ordinance
C & D ordinance
Mandatory commercial recycling ordinance
Mandatory multifamily recycling ordinance
Mandatory residential recycling ordinance
Mandatory waste collection ordinance
Recycled content procurement ordinance
Antiscavenging ordinance
Green building ordinance
Single use foodware and litter reduction ordinance
Safe consumer-generated sharps disposal ordinance
Safe pharmaceutical disposal ordinance
Plastic bags and/or single use plastic bags ordinance
Polystyrene (food and drink containers etc.) ordinance
Other ordinances (describe below)



SRRE Programs	
Program Name	Program description
☑ 6020-PI-ORD Ordinances	The Riverside County Board of Supervisors passed Ordinance 745.4, which provides for the compulsory collection and disposal of solid waste and recyclable material within specified unincorporated areas of Riverside County.

Planning Documents: Riverside-Unincorporated (2022) Rural Petition for Reduction Was your jurisdiction granted a Rural Petition for Reduction by CalRecycle? See <u>Jurisdictions with an Approved Petition for Rural</u> Reduction. For more information regarding Rural Petition for Reduction, go to Rural Solid Waste Diversion Home Page. Yes. If yes, please discuss whether the conditions under which the petition was granted still apply. ☑ No. **Newly Incorporated Cities** Since the date of your last Annual Report, are there any newly incorporated cities within your county/regional agency? Yes. Enter new city name, incorporation date, and population at time of incorporation in the text box below. ☑ No.



Source Reduction and Recycling Element (SRRE)				
Source Reduction and Recycling Element (SRRE)				
Does the SRRE need to be revised?				
Yes. Explain below why the SRRE is not adequate, the revisions that are necessary and the timeline for making those revisions. Note: Diversion program information is updated in each Annual Report, SB 1066 time extension or alternative diversion requirement report, compliance order, etc. So, before taking any action on the revision process, please contact your LAMD representative for further discussion and additional information.				
☑ No. Please add any notes or updates below.				
Household Hazardous Waste Element (HHWE)				
Does the HHWE need to be revised?				
Yes. Explain below why the HHWE is not adequate, the revisions that are necessary and the timeline for making those revisions. Note: Diversion program information is updated in each Annual Report. So, before taking any action on the revision process, please contact your LAMD representative for further discussion and additional information.				
☑ No. Please add any notes or updates below.				
Non-Disposal Facility Element (NDFE)				
Describe below any changes in the use of <u>non-disposal facilities</u> , both existing and planned (e.g., is the jurisdiction using a different facility within or outside of the jurisdiction, has a facility closed, is a new one being planned).				
N/A				



	Are there currently any non-disposal facilities that require a solid waste facility permit located (or planned to be sited) in your jurisdiction that are not identified in your NDFE?				
		Yes. Your NDFE may need to be amended before the permit for this facility comes before CalRecycle for concurrence. If the facility is not identified in the NDFE, the permit may not be in conformance with your NDFE, and the permit may be denied. See CalRecycle's NDFE Guidelines at https://www.calrecycle.ca.gov/LGCentral/Library/Policy/NDFEGuide.htm and contact your LAMD representative if you have any questions about the need to amend your NDFE.			
	\checkmark	No. Please add notes or updates below.			
Summ	ary F	Plan			
	Does	s the Summary Plan need to be revised?			
		Yes. Discuss below. Include a time schedule for revising the Summary Plan. Please contact your LAMD representative to request additional information and guidance.			
	V	No. Please add any notes or updates below.			
Areas	of co	oncern			
		CalRecycle require your jurisdiction to address any areas of concern when determining the adequacy of your solid waste ning documents, or any of their elements?			
		Yes. Below, discuss the actions taken to address the areas of concern.			
	V	No.			



Conditional approvals	
Did CalRecycle give conditional approval to any of your solid waste planning documents, or any of their elements? ☐ Yes. Below, discuss the actions taken gain full approval of the plan/elements. ☑ No.	
Total County or Agency Wide Disposal Capacity	
If you do not currently have 15 years of disposal capacity, describe your strategy for obtaining 15 years of capacity.	
N/A	
Based on the best available estimates of current and future disposal, how many years of disposal capacity does your county or regional agency have?	
17	



Siting Element Adequacy

Does the Siting Element need to be revised? The Siting Element will need to be revised if you have less than 15 years disposal capacity and have not described a strategy for obtaining 15 years disposal capacity.

- Yes. In the box below, provide a time schedule for revising your Siting Element. Also discuss new disposal sites or disposal strategies that changed during the report year, and how those strategies will allow the county or regional agency to attain 15 years of disposal capacity. Please also contact your LAMD representative for additional information and guidance.
- No. This county or regional agency has more than 15 years of disposal capacity, has experienced no major changes in disposal practices in the past year, and expects no such changes in the near future. Please include any notes or updates below.

Additional Information and Document Management: Riverside-Unincorporated (2022)

SRRE and HHWE Diversion Programs

1000-SR-XGC (Xeriscaping/Grasscycling)					
Current Status: SO - Selected and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 1993	Existed before 1990: Yes			
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 0	Selected in SRRE: Yes			
		Owned or Operated: Yes			

Selected Program Details:

Xeriscaping | Grasscycling

Jurisdiction Notes:

Riverside County Department of Waste Resources (RCDWR) continues to provide outreach materials to the public through our website and social media, including information on grasscycling and xeriscaping. The Department continues to offer virtual and in-person classes and attendance at Community events. A wide variety of promotional materials continue to be available on our website and YouTube page.

County Parks are mowed using low-deck mowers and clippings are left on the turf.

1010-SR-BCM (Backyard and On-Site Composting/Mulching)



Current Status: SO - Selected and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 1992	Existed before 1990: Yes
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 0	Selected in SRRE: Yes
		Owned or Operated: Yes

The Riverside County Department of Waste Resources (RCDWR) teaches residents about home composting and vermicomposting through the website with recorded videos, downloadable pdfs, in-person classes, and virtual/in-person presentations. Scheduled classes for 2022 were held in person at Department HQ outdoor Resource Garden in Moreno Valley. Additional virtual recordings are available online on our website www.rcwaste.org. The RCDWR continues to recommend use of mulch in conditions of approval. The Department also implements on-site composting at the department headquarters and at the Lamb Canyon Landfill. RCDWR utilizes mulch in landscaping and erosion control at department facilities. Outreach events and attendee information is included in 5020-ED-OUT.

1020-SR-BWR (Business Waste Reduction Program)

Current Status: SO - Selected and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 1992	Existed before 1990: No
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 0	Selected in SRRE: Yes
		Owned or Operated: Yes

Jurisdiction Notes:

In 2022, RCDWR provided virtual assistance for businesses to improve diversion rates and comply with environmental policies. Virtual assistance includes e-flyers, e-brochures, social media, RCDWR Website, and recycling hotline. RCDWR's website consists of a comprehensive waste guide and a list of local food recovery agencies developed by the Riverside County Department of Environmental Health (RCDEH). RCDWR staff communicates with businesses via incoming calls and recycling hotline and provides information on AB 341, AB 1826, SB 1383, and AB 827 mandates. Staff considers a business' waste stream and provides information in areas such as source reduction, recycling, food waste reduction, composting/vermicomposting, donations, and green waste diversion. In November 2022, RCDWR hosted a Three-Day Community Summit. The theme for the first day focused on businesses and offered sessions about business recycling and source reduction. Topics included Legislation Updates with RCDEH, Tier 1 Food Generator: Albertson's, and Sustainability 101.

1030-SR-PMT (Procurement)

Current Status: SO - Selected and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 1990	Existed before 1990: Yes
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 0	Selected in SRRE: Yes
		Owned or Operated: Yes



Riverside County departments abide by the Environmental Purchasing Policy, (BOS Policy #A-64, dated February 3, 2009). The Environmental Purchasing Policy serves as a purchasing guide for the following: Recycled content products, less harmful and non-toxic materials and processes, energy and water saving products and processes, natural resource and landscaping management services, sustainable products, disposal and pollution reduction and packaging. Paint and other reusable products, collected from county residents through the countywide HHW collection program, are made available free to the public at five Drop and Shop stores. Reusable paint from the RCDWR's HHW program is utilized by Riverside County and cities for programs such as graffiti abatement; however, no departments or cities participated in this offer in 2022.

1040-SR-SCH (School Source Reduction Programs)

Current Status: SO - Selected and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 1993	Existed before 1990: No
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 0	Selected in SRRE: Yes
		Owned or Operated: Yes

Jurisdiction Notes:

The Riverside County Department of Waste Resources (RCDWR) supports school source reduction efforts through environmental workshops, compost bin donations, and school garden composting assistance.

In 2022, RCDWR completed a total of 15 school outreach activities including vermicomposting presentations, exhibitor tables, and landfill tours. In November 2022, RCDWR hosted a virtual Community Summit and the third day of the summit focused on schools and educators. Topics included School Compliance with CalRecycle, Organics Recycling at UC Riverside, and Riverside City College Sustainability Program.

Additionally, RCDWR has multiple online resources such as on-demand YouTube video classes about creating your compost bin and other educational topics about food waste, green waste, and recycling for use by the public. RCDWR also provides a list of local green waste processors on our website for schools that need to haul green waste off-site. In August 2022, RCDWR ran a "Back to School" social media series that covered sustainable tips for students and educators. Topics discussed were school essentials such as outfits, supplies, and lunch meals.

School outreach information is included in 5020-ED-OUT.

1050-SR-GOV (Government Source Reduction Programs)

Current Status: SO - Selected and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 1992	Existed before 1990: No
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 0	Selected in SRRE: Yes
		Owned or Operated: Yes



Riverside County Board Policy H-29, Sustainable Building Policy was approved by the Board of Supervisors on February 10, 2009. This policy establishes the use of sustainable building practices in the design of county capital improvement projects to reduce pollution, protect natural resources, enhance asset value, optimize building performance, and create healthier workplaces for county employees. The Sustainable Building Policy has multiple source reduction strategies like: extensive use of non-toxic and/or recycled-content building materials, use of certified sustainable wood products, incorporation of recycling facilities, and recycling of construction and demolition waste. In an effort to increase recycling at County facilities, Riverside County Department of Waste Resources (RCDWR) utilized City/County Payment Program funding to promote the use of deskside recycling containers. Details regarding this program are located in 2060-RC-GOV.

The Department and main county administrative offices have refillable hydration water stations to promote reuse and limit the waste from single-use water bottles. Many county services are also offered to residents online for ease of use which subsequently lessens paper generation. RCDWR continues to serve as a model for many source reduction efforts that are adopted countywide. The RCDWR implemented the H-29 Riverside County Sustainable Building Policy to increase water conservation, reduce waste, and reduce overall energy consumption, which is overseen by a designated staff person.

RCDWR offers on-site composting and vermicomposting that utilizes employee food scrap waste in addition to centralized recycling bins and deskside recycling bins. The RCDWR Purchasing team continues to purchase recycled paper. The RCDWR also has eliminated single use paper plates, cups, and utensils, opting for reusables. RCDWR has utilized the County's previous Furniture Surplus program to furnish landfill and Permanent HHW offices. The RCDWR General Manager-Chief Engineer is able to approve usable items to be salvaged from the County landfills to be utilized for reuse.?

1060-SR-MTE (Material Exchange, Thrift Shops)

Current Status: SO - Selected and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 1991	Existed before 1990: Yes
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 2.6	Selected in SRRE: Yes
		Owned or Operated: Yes

Jurisdiction Notes:

The RCDWR operates five (5) Drop N Shops at the following locations: Agua Mansa Permanent Household Hazardous Waste Collection Facility (PHHWCF), Palm Springs PHHWCF, Badlands Landfill Antifreeze, Battery, Oil and Paint Facility (ABOP), Lamb Canyon Landfill PHHWCF and Lake Elsinore PHHWCF. These reuse centers allow residents to pick up good reusable material that is brought into the PHHWCF's and THHWCF's at no cost. PHHWCF Drop and Shop centers also distribute a small amount of material to the public for reuse. Latex paints collected by PHHWCF primarily go to Acrylatex, while hazardous waste incinerators use oil-based paints as supplemental fuel.

For 2022, 2.6 tons of materials was distributed for reuse through the Department Drop N Shops.

2000-RC-CRB (Residential Curbside)



Current Status: SO - Selected and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 1991	Existed before 1990: No
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 0	Selected in SRRE: Yes
		Owned or Operated: No

The County franchise hauler system continues to provide refuse collection and recycling service in the Unincorporated County. There are four (4) franchise waste haulers within the unincorporated Riverside County (Burrtec, CR&R, Desert Valley Disposal, and Waste Management, Inc.). Hauler programs diverted the following:

12,282.27 tons of paper

776.96 tons of plastic

2646.85 tons of glass

841 tons of metals

0.00 tons of white goods

0.00 tons of tires

1,307.22 tons of other materials

2010-RC-DRP (Residential Drop-Off)

Current Status: SO - Selected and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 1990	Existed before 1990: Yes
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 0	Selected in SRRE: Yes
		Owned or Operated: No

Jurisdiction Notes:

Riverside County residents can utilize Riverside County landfills to drop off accepted recyclables.

2020-RC-BYB (Residential Buy-Back)

Current Status: SO - Selected and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 1987	Existed before 1990: Yes
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 0	Selected in SRRE: Yes
		Owned or Operated: No

Jurisdiction Notes:

There are buy back centers located in the Riverside incorporated county.



2030-RC-OSP (Commercial On-Site Pickup)		
Current Status: SO - Selected and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 1991	Existed before 1990: No
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 0	Selected in SRRE: Yes
		Owned or Operated: No

Waste haulers continue to collect refuse and recycling in Riverside County. There are four (4) franchise waste haulers within unincorporated Riverside County (Burrtec, CR&R, Desert Valley Disposal, and Waste Management, Inc.). Commercial and Industrial accounts recycled the following material and tonnage:

Paper – 2,930.78

Plastic - 0

Glass - 0

Metals - 220.76

White Goods -168.64

Tires – 4.80

Other - 13,307.24

2060-RC-GOV (Government Recycling Programs)

Current Status: SO - Selected and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 1990	Existed before 1990: Yes
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 0	Selected in SRRE: Yes
		Owned or Operated: Yes

Jurisdiction Notes:

RCDWR utilizes City/County Payment Program funding to purchase indoor and outdoor waste/recycling/organic containers for County facilities. Marketed as RivCo Recycles, this program provides the containers that promote and provide access to recycling for employees and residents. In 2022, RCDWR purchased and distributed; 104 deskside bins, 5 Brute, 6 Slimline, 19 Dual Stream Glaro, 7 Concrete bins, and 3 Dorset Dual bins. Another part of this program is having Recycling Ambassadors in each department that provide a point of contact for employees and to disseminate monthly Waste Wednesday newsletter through email messages that provide information on recycling events and other related waste reduction programs.

2070-RC-SNL (Special Collection Seasonal (regular))

Current Status: SO - Selected and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 1991	Existed before 1990: No
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 0	Selected in SRRE: Yes



		Owned or Operated: No
Jurisdiction Notes: The Riverside County Department of Waste Resource tree collection typically occurs starting December 2 residents using the hauler curbside collection for tree.	6th and lasts for two weeks. Lower ton	
2080-RC-SPE (Special Collection Events)		
Current Status: SO - Selected and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 1992	Existed before 1990: No
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 0	Selected in SRRE: Yes
		Owned or Operated: Yes
Jurisdiction Notes: The RCDWR collected 922.49 tons of solid waste at collected through this program are accounted for in 3000-CM-RCG (Residential Curbside Green)	n 4020-SP-TRS.	throughout the County. Tires
Current Status: SO - Selected and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 2000	Existed before 1990: No
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 0	Selected in SRRE: Yes
		Owned or Operated: No
Jurisdiction Notes: There are four (4) franchise waste haulers within unand Waste Management, Inc.). County franchise ha		
3010-CM-RSG (Residential Self-haul Greenv	waste)	
Current Status: SO - Selected and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 1993	Existed before 1990: No
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 0	Selected in SRRE: Yes
		Owned or Operated: No
Jurisdiction Notes: 722.39 tons of Residential Self-haul Greenwaste ma Compost Facility.	terial was diverted from landfilling thro	·
722.39 tons of Residential Self-haul Greenwaste ma		·
722.39 tons of Residential Self-haul Greenwaste ma Compost Facility.		·
722.39 tons of Residential Self-haul Greenwaste ma Compost Facility. 3030-CM-CSG (Commercial Self-Haul Green	nwaste)	ough the Lamb Canyon Landfill



The Riverside County Department of Waste Resources (RCDWR) continues to encourage businesses to recycle their green waste by providing educational materials on green waste recycling benefits and a list of local green waste recycling facilities. These lists are provided at the landfill gates when a business arrives with a load of green waste and is available on RCDWR's website. In 2022, an \$11.43/ton green waste surcharge at landfills was in effect as an economic disincentive to landfilling green waste. The County promotes the use of its County staffed compost facility located within the Lamb Canyon Landfill and clean material with <1% contamination is accepted at \$41.35/ton for on-site composting. We refer residents to green/wood waste facilities on our website. Agua Mansa MRF facility also recycles green waste and food waste since 2010. The facility is operated by Burrtec on property leased from RCDWR.

3035-CM-COR (Commercial Organics Recycling)

Current Status: AO - Alternative and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 2016	Existed before 1990: No
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 0	Selected in SRRE: No
		Owned or Operated: No

Jurisdiction Notes:

There are four (4) franchise waste haulers within unincorporated Riverside County (Burrtec, CR&R, Desert Valley Disposal, and Waste Management, Inc.). A total of 2,742.69 tons of organics was collected.

Greenwaste/Compost - 1,789.69

Food Waste - 42.54

Wood Waste – 910.46

Textiles - 0

Manure – 0

Other Organics - 0

3040-CM-FWC (Food Waste Composting)

•		
Current Status: AO - Alternative and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 1999	Existed before 1990: No
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 0	Selected in SRRE: Yes
		Owned or Operated: No



The RCDWR encourages businesses, residents, and schools county-wide to recycle their food waste by providing educational information. Details regarding electronic education, print education, and electronic outreach are located in 5000-ED-ELC, 5010-ED-PRN, and 5020-ED-OUT, respectively.

The following sites process compost materials: Coachella Valley Compost (privately operated), Robert A Nelson Transfer Station (privately operated), Lamb Canyon Composting Facility (RCDWR staffed) and Edom Hill Compost (privately operated). The Lamb Canyon Composting Facility did not accept any food waste in 2022.

3050-CM-SCH (School Composting Programs)

Current Status: AO - Alternative and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 1998	Existed before 1990: No
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 0	Selected in SRRE: Yes
		Owned or Operated: Yes

Jurisdiction Notes:

The Riverside County Department of Waste Resources (RCDWR) staff provided 6 composting and vermicomposting presentations to schools virtually and in person. RCDWR donates free compost bins to local schools with gardens and schools that wish to start a sustainable recycling program in the classroom. RCDWR donated 2 compost bins to schools with gardens in 2022 (Ramona H.S Riverside, Morongo School Banning). Master Composters and/or RCDWR staff set up the bins and present composting information to educate staff and students about green waste and food waste diversion.

In November 2022, RCDWR hosted a virtual Community Summit and the third day of the summit focused on presentations for schools and educators. Presentation topics included School Compliance with CalRecycle, Organics Recycling at UC Riverside, and Riverside City College Sustainability Program.

Details regarding electronic education, print education, and electronic outreach are in 5000-ED-ELC, 5010-ED-PRN, and 5020-ED-OUT, respectively.

3060-CM-GOV (Government Composting Programs)

Current Status: AO - Alternative and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 1999	Existed before 1990: No
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 0	Selected in SRRE: Yes
		Owned or Operated: No

Jurisdiction Notes:

RCDWR performs legislative review to determine impacts on organics collection and processing.

4000-SP-ASH (Ash)

Current Status: DE - Dropped in an earlier year	Program Start Year: 1993	Existed before 1990: No
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 0	Selected in SRRE: Yes



		Owned or Operated: No
Jurisdiction Notes: Program is discontinued.		
4010-SP-SLG (Sludge (sewage/industrial))		
Current Status: SO - Selected and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 1991	Existed before 1990: Yes
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 0	Selected in SRRE: Yes
		Owned or Operated: No

Land application of Class B sewage sludge is prohibited per County Ordinance 812. On February 18, 2004, the Riverside County Board of Supervisors adopted Ordinance 830, which regulates Class A sewage sludge land application for agricultural activities.?

Eastern Municipal Water District (EMWD) has four regional water reclamation facilities which treat approximately 49 million gallons of wastewater every day: San Jacinto Valley Regional Water Reclamation Facility, Moreno Valley Regional Water Reclamation Facility, Perris Valley Regional Water Reclamation Facility, and Temecula Valley Regional Water Reclamation Facility. Their Sun City Regional Water Reclamation Facility is no longer active. The biosolids generated from EMWD from the four active regional water reclamation facilities are shipped to La Paz Landfill in Arizona for land application. The total wet tons shipped to Arizona in 2022 were 56,720.4 and the total dry tons were 10,391.33. EMWD does not accept any food waste for co-digestion.

Western Water (WW), formerly Western Municipal Water District also treats wastewater at the Western Water Recycling Facility (WWRF). 202.03 tons of biosolids were composted in California through Liberty Composting, Inc. and 0 tons were composted/land applied outside of California. WMWD does not accept any food waste for co-digestion.

The Santa Rosa Regional Resources Authority (SRRRA) provides wastewater infrastructure for the southwestern Riverside County region. The Authority is responsible for the collection, transmission, treatment, and disposal of wastewater from its member agencies, relating to flows to the Santa Rosa Water Reclamation Facility (SRWRF) in Murrieta, California. SRRRA sent out a total of 3,788.43 tons of biosolids to Arizona for composting. SRRRA does not take in any food waste.

4020-SP-TRS (Tires)		
Current Status: SO - Selected and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 1992	Existed before 1990: No
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 291.68	Selected in SRRE: Yes
		Owned or Operated: Yes



The RCDWR continues to collect tires for a fee at three landfills: Badlands, Lamb Canyon and Blythe. Tires are source-separated and removed from the landfill to an acceptable disposal (e.g. engineered fill) or recycling location. Tires are also collected and subsequently recycled through the Illegal dumping Mop-up And Cleanup Team (IMPACT) and Community Cleanups. 291.68 tons of tires were collected by these programs. Riverside County is also a recipient of Tire Enforcement Grants which are administered by the Code Enforcement Department (administrative only). Tires collected curbside by the haulers are accounted for in 2000- RC-CRB and 2030-RC-OSP.

4030-SP-WHG (V	Vhite Goods)
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Current Status: SO - Selected and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 1992	Existed before 1990: Yes
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 0	Selected in SRRE: Yes
		Owned or Operated: No

Jurisdiction Notes:

Tonnage for white goods is included in tonnage reported in Scrap Metal 4040-SP-SCM

4040-SP-SCM (Scrap Metal)

Current Status: SO - Selected and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 1991	Existed before 1990: Yes
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 1456.18	Selected in SRRE: Yes
		Owned or Operated: Yes

Jurisdiction Notes:

RCDWR diverts all self-hauled metallic and appliance materials from landfilling (1,436 tons). Riverside County Transportation and Land Management Agency also recycles traffic signs and posts, in 2022 (20.13 tons) were taken to recycling.

4050-SP-WDW (Wood Waste)

Current Status: SO - Selected and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 1991	Existed before 1990: Yes
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 0	Selected in SRRE: Yes
		Owned or Operated: No

Jurisdiction Notes:

Wood waste continues to be diverted to green/woody waste recyclers (for processing into mulch and fuel) and to Green Leaf Energy, a biomass-to-energy facility in the Coachella Valley. Tonnage is included in 8010-TR-BIO.

4060-SP-CAR (Concrete/Asphalt/Rubble)

Current Status: AO - Alternative and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 1998	Existed before 1990: No
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 34372.65	Selected in SRRE: Yes
		Owned or Operated: Yes



The RCDWR used 631.25 tons of tire-derived aggregate (California tires) as part of the TDA Grant awarded to RCDWR. The landfills utilized 14,686.40 tons of material as road base. Waste Recycling Plans (WRPs) are required prior to issuance of building/grading permits, and Waste Recycling Reports documenting compliance with the WRPs, are required prior to issuance of occupancy permits. 19,055.00 tons were recycled through the WRP process.

The Riverside County Department of Transportation and Land Management Agency (TLMA) also utilizes tires in Rubberized Asphalt Concrete (RAC). The quantities for each year have not been broken down by TLMA.

4090-SP-RND (Rendering)

Current Status: SO - Selected and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 1991	Existed before 1990: Yes
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 245	Selected in SRRE: Yes
		Owned or Operated: No

Jurisdiction Notes:

According to the Riverside County Department of Animal Services, there is no accurate weight amount that can be found or provided; however, the total number of barrels picked up in 2022 for Western Riverside, San Jacinto, and Coachella are 1,401 and estimated to weigh 245 tons (average weight of barrel is 350 pounds). These barrels were sent to the rendering facility in Vernon, CA (D&D West Coast Rendering) as per Animal Services' contract with TLC, with the exception of the Blythe Animal Shelter. The Blythe Animal Shelter staff transports the animals to the Blythe Landfill.

These barrels include animals that are impounded DOA (dead on arrival) or get euthanized at the shelter locations. These numbers do not reflect the weight of animals the department collects in the field. There are no rendering facilities located within Riverside County.?

5000-ED-ELC (Electronic (radio ,TV, web, hotlines))

Current Status: SO - Selected and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 1992	Existed before 1990: No
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 0	Selected in SRRE: Yes
		Owned or Operated: Yes



RCDWR provides information through social media, the RCDWR website rcwaste.org, the HHW and recycling hotlines, electronic newspaper articles, and electronic press releases.

In 2022, RCDWR published daily social media posts (Instagram, Facebook, Twitter) and weekly short videos (Instagram, TikTok) to advertise department events and classes. Social media is also utilized to promote educational messages related to waste reduction, recycling, and sustainability.

RCDWR's social media highlights include a viral Instagram Reel featuring step-by-step instructions on building an Olla, including the history and benefits of the ancient irrigation system. Other standout short videos include the 12 Days of Christmas TikTok series which covered zero-waste gift ideas and wrapping paper alternatives.

The RCDWR website also includes access to virtual live classes and on-demand classes such as composting, vermicomposting, green home topics (green cleaning, green gardening, making your home zero waste, green landscaping, and green wardrobe), recycling, food waste-food rescue, intro to environmental justice, and intro to climate change. Ondemand classes are typically available in English and Spanish.

In 2022, RCDWR published 451 Facebook posts, 468 Twitter posts, 499 Instagram posts, and 92 TikTok posts on waste reduction, environmental policies, recycling, composting, community events, and more. Across all platforms, a total of 150 videos were published focusing on source reduction themes such as HHW diversion and reducing house and food waste. In 2022, www.rcwaste.org website views of 353,756; 2,451 HHW hotline calls, 221 recycling hotline calls; and 51 press releases.

5010-ED-PRN (Print (brochures, flyers, guides, news articles))

Current Status: SO - Selected and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 1992	Existed before 1990: No
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 0	Selected in SRRE: Yes
		Owned or Operated: Yes



The RCDWR utilizes electronic media (i.e., social media and its website) for program promotion whenever possible to source reduce paper printed materials.

Print media was used to promote the outreach calendar, our programs, classes, and events; Household Hazardous Waste (HHW) information and collection events; and material related to other waste reduction RCDWR programs (available in the backup documentation). Print media is typically available in Spanish. The department offers printed outreach flyers at community events.

Local community newspapers and community program guides are used whenever possible. All printed materials, public education literature, flyers, etc. are printed on recycled content paper when available. Press releases were also distributed through the County's Executive Office electronically in place of display advertising.

Due to COVID-19, RCDWR stopped printing items in March 2020 and has continued to use electronic media over print in 2022. RCDWR transitioned print media to electronic media to ensure businesses, residents, and schools have access to outreach.

5020-ED-OUT (Outreach (tech assistance, presentations, awards, fairs, field trips))

Current Status: SO - Selected and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 1991	Existed before 1990: Yes
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 0	Selected in SRRE: Yes
		Owned or Operated: Yes



The RCDWR participates in a variety of community events and conducts presentations and classes, both in-person and virtually. In 2022, the department participated in 105 outreach events and activities. RCDWR hosted 13 backyard composting, vermicomposting, and make-your-own worm bin classes. RCDWR also hosted the following classes: 4 in the green home series, 2 food waste-food rescue, 2 making your home zero waste, 2 in climate change, and 2 in environmental justice. Additionally, 5 Lamb Canyon landfill tours were completed. Staff and volunteers are available at these events to answer questions about source reduction programs and waste issues.

In April 2022, the Department hosted a Succulent Teacup Reuse workshop encouraging residents to divert landfill waste by creating homemade planters. RCDWR also hosted a three-day virtual Community Summit in November. The three-day event centered one day on businesses, one day on residents, and one day on educators/schools. Topics included business recycling, waste legislation, food waste reduction, textile waste, climate change and health, composting and vermicomposting assistance, and sustainability efforts undertaken and promoted by schools.

2022 Event Data

Businesses 6 events 1,556 attended

Multi-Family Dwellings 0 events 0 attended

Residential 84 events 9,490 attended

School 15 events 555 attended

Volunteer Hours 643 contributed

Compost and Vermicompost Bins 248 distributed

5030-ED-SCH (Schools (education and curriculum))

Current Status: SO - Selected and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 1993	Existed before 1990: No
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 0	Selected in SRRE: Yes
		Owned or Operated: Yes



The Riverside County Unified School District follows the California Education and the Environment Initiative. The California Education and the Environment Initiative is a statewide effort to make environmental literacy an integral part of K-12 instruction in California. This program provides educators with professional learning and instructional materials that demonstrate how to blend the environment into the teaching of traditional academic subjects such as science, history, and English language arts. One environmental topic covers resource conversation & recycling at all education levels: elementary, middle, and high school levels.

To supplement the Education and Environmental Initiative, RCDWR provides a School Resource page on the website and offers schools and districts the option to schedule a recycling specialist to speak about composting, recycling, and food waste reduction. Riverside County schools with a garden can also receive one free composting or vermicomposting bin per year (for up to 2 years or 2 bins of choice). Along with the bin, RCDWR can assign an Outreach Volunteer or staff member to become a school's composting mentor. In 2022, composting mentors were not scheduled to work with the schools to implement and enhance their school garden compost areas.

Outreach data is reported in 5020-ED-OUT.

6000-PI-PLB (Product and Landfill Bans)

Current Status: SO - Selected and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 1991	Existed before 1990: Yes
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 0	Selected in SRRE: Yes
		Owned or Operated: Yes

Jurisdiction Notes:

RCDWR continued to divert mattresses at Badlands and Lamb Canyon Landfill. 56.47 tons of mattresses were recycled

6010-PI-EIN (Economic Incentives)

Current Status: SO - Selected and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 1991	Existed before 1990: Yes
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 0	Selected in SRRE: Yes
		Owned or Operated: Yes

Selected Program Details:

Fee waiver | Differential tipping fee

Jurisdiction Notes:

RCDWR has a greenwaste surcharge to disincentivize greenwaste landfilling and encourage compost recycling. The Department also provides a copy of list of greenwaste facilities within Riverside County, which is available on our website and is provided to customers on request at the landfill.

In July 2020 the Department added an appliance surcharge to each appliance brought in by residents with a limit of four appliances. The RCDWR does not accept appliances from businesses.



6020-PI-ORD (Ordinances)		
Current Status: SO - Selected and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 1991	Existed before 1990: Yes
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 0	Selected in SRRE: Yes
		Owned or Operated: Yes

The Riverside County Board of Supervisors passed Ordinance 745.4, which provides for the compulsory collection and disposal of solid waste and recyclable material within specified unincorporated areas of Riverside County.

7000-FR-MRF (MRF)

Current Status: SO - Selected and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 1996	Existed before 1990: No
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 0	Selected in SRRE: Yes
		Owned or Operated: Yes

Jurisdiction Notes:

Robert A. Nelson Transfer Station and MRF facility (RANTS): operated by Burrtec on property leased from RCDWR. The RANTS is located in Jurupa Valley. At RANTS, there are the following programs: general refuse, electronic waste, appliances, tires, construction & demolition, and metals. The RANTS also recycles green waste and food waste since 2010. Perris Transfer Station and MRF (PTS): operated by CR&R Incorporated. The PTS located in Perris continues to implement the following programs: general refuse, bulky item and furniture, green waste and food

7010-FR-LAN (Landfill)

Current Status: SO - Selected and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 1991	Existed before 1990: No
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 0	Selected in SRRE: Yes
		Owned or Operated: Yes

Jurisdiction Notes:

The RCDWR operates five landfills (Badlands, Blythe, Desert Center, Lamb Canyon, and Oasis). Waste Management, Inc. operates the El Sobrante landfill.

RCDWR continues to operate the Lamb Canyon and Badlands Landfill Waste Recycle Parks (WRP), which offers self-haulers the opportunity to bring segregated recyclable materials to drop off at the WRPs. This recyclable material is then sent to recyclers by the RCDWR. Certain recyclables are also accepted at the Blythe, Oasis and El Sobrante landfill.

7020-FR-TST (Transfer Station)

Current Status: SO - Selected and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 1994	Existed before 1990: Yes
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 0	Selected in SRRE: Yes



Owned or Operated: No

Jurisdiction Notes:

Transfer Stations are privately operated in Riverside County. The following transfer stations are operated by Burrtec: Coachella Transfer Station, Edom Hill Transfer Station, and Robert A. Nelson (RAN) Transfer Station and MRF. Burrtec leases these properties from RCDWR.

Waste Management, Inc. owns and operates Moreno Valley Transfer Station and MRF.

The following transfer stations are owned by CR&R: Perris Transfer Station and MRF. CR & R also operates Anza Transfer Station, Idyllwild Transfer Station, and Pinyon Flats Transfer Station. CR&R leases the Anza, Idyllwild, and Pinyon Flats properties from RCDWR.

The transfer stations receive recyclable materials and to serve as solid waste transfer stations. The Coachella, Idyllwild, Anza, and Edom Hill transfer stations also serve as Antifreeze, Batteries, Used Oil and Paint (ABOP) and PaintCare facilities.

Green waste recycling activities occur at the Edom Hill, Perris, and RAN Transfer Stations. Food waste recycling processing occurs at the Burrtec RAN Transfer Station and the CR&R Perris Transfer Station.

7030-FR-CMF (Composting Facility)

Current Status: SO - Selected and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 1991	Existed before 1990: No
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 0	Selected in SRRE: Yes
		Owned or Operated: No

Jurisdiction Notes:

Lamb Canyon Landfill has a permitted composting program, which is operated by RCDWR.

There are several other composting facilities located within Riverside County operated by private entities. See the backup documentation for a listing.

7040-FR-ADC (Alternative Daily Cover)

Current Status: SO - Selected and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 1995	Existed before 1990: No
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 0	Selected in SRRE: Yes
		Owned or Operated: Yes

Jurisdiction Notes:

35.03 tons of ADC were utilized from unincorporated Riverside County. Low tonnage continues in 2022 due to the implementation of AB 1594. RCDWR has reduced the use of ADC and instead uses dirt and tarps for landfill cover. As of January 1, 2020, the use of green material as ADC does not constitute diversion through recycling and will be considered disposal for purposes of measuring a jurisdiction's 50 percent per capita disposal rate.

8000-TR-WTE (Waste To Energy)



Current Status: DE - Dropped in an earlier year	Program Start Year: 1997	Existed before 1990: No
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 0	Selected in SRRE: Yes
		Owned or Operated: No

Dropped in earlier year.

8010-TR-BIO (Biomass)

Current Status: SO - Selected and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 1991	Existed before 1990: Yes
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 0	Selected in SRRE: Yes
		Owned or Operated: No

Jurisdiction Notes:

The County and its cities diverted 73,711.84 tons of wood waste to Green Leaf Energy a biomass facility located in the Coachella Valley. It appears that there was a general decrease among all processors as well as the self-haul coming to the facility. Decreased tonnage may be attributed to collection issues due to COVID-19.

9000-HH-PMF (Permanent Facility)

Current Status: SO - Selected and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 1995	Existed before 1990: No
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 661.42	Selected in SRRE: Yes
		Owned or Operated: Yes

Jurisdiction Notes:

The program consists of four permanent HHW facilities and seven ABOPs, the Load Check Program, and two sharps kiosks. A total of 20,630 participants were served and 661.42 tons of waste was collected. The facility details were reported through CalRecycle Form 303. E-waste from these facilities is reported in 9045-HH-EWA.

9010-HH-MPC (Mobile or Periodic Collection)

Current Status: SO - Selected and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 1990	Existed before 1990: Yes
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 192.91	Selected in SRRE: Yes
		Owned or Operated: Yes

Jurisdiction Notes:

The RCDWR continues to operate a schedule of Temporary Household Hazardous Waste Collection Events. These events were operated successfully throughout the County including 32 event days serving 6,246 participants and collecting 192.91 tons of waste. E-waste from these events is reported in 9045-HH-EWA.

9020-HH-CSC (Curbside Collection)



Current Status: SO - Selected and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 1992	Existed before 1990: No
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 1.8	Selected in SRRE: Yes
		Owned or Operated: No

Used Motor Oil is collected curbside in most solid waste franchise hauler areas. 486 gallons (1.8 tons) were collected in the unincorporated areas by franchise haulers in 2022. (Backup under 2022 EAR – Refuse Hauler Recycling Data)

9040-HH-EDP (Education Programs)

Current Status: SO - Selected and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 1993	Existed before 1990: No
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 0	Selected in SRRE: Yes
		Owned or Operated: Yes

Jurisdiction Notes:

The RCDWR promotes all HHW Collection Events, environmental classes, and waste reduction programs through social media (Facebook, Instagram, Twitter, TikTok, and YouTube), press releases, event schedule flyers, the RCDWR website, recycling hotline, HHW hotline, community events, and community presentations. The cities also promote the County's programs to their residents. Details of the electronic, print material and outreach programs are located in 5000-ED-ELC, 5010-ED-PRN, and 5020-ED-OUT respectively.

9045-HH-EWA (Electronic Waste)

Current Status: SO - Selected and Ongoing	Program Start Year: 2001	Existed before 1990: No
	Report Year Diversion Tons: 656.72	Selected in SRRE: No
		Owned or Operated: Yes

Jurisdiction Notes:

656.72 tons of CRT and Electronic Waste was collected from landfill, HHW, Digital Equity, and Proof of Designation programs for recycling.



Additional Information

Is there anything else you would like to tell CalRecycle about unique or innovative efforts by your jurisdiction to reduce organic waste generation and increase diversion, about your jurisdiction's public education efforts, or about specific obstacles to reaching your jurisdiction's implementation of an organic recycling program?

Brief description of additional information files, including calculation data for infrastructure planning.